```
=> File .Biotech
=> S (N-formyl-methionyl(w)peptide or F-Met-X)
            23 (N-FORMYL-METHIONYL(W) PEPTIDE OR F-MET-X)
=> s (N-formyl-methionyl-leucyl or F-Met-Leu)
          7553 (N-FORMYL-METHIONYL-LEUCYL OR F-MET-LEU)
=> s 12 and (F-Met-Leu-X)
            17 L2 AND (F-MET-LEU-X)
=> s 11 and 13
             0 L1 AND L3
L4
=> s l1 and (Immunoglobulin E or IgE)
             1 L1 AND (IMMUNOGLOBULIN E OR IGE)
=> d 15 bib ab
L5
     ANSWER 1 OF 1 USPATFULL on STN
       2003:106902 USPATFULL
AN
       Adrenic acid receptor and uses thereof
TI
       Rebas, Nicola M., Sandwich, UNITED KINGDOM
IN
PΙ
       US 2003073815
                          A1
                               20030417
ΑI
       US 2002-219113
                          A1
                                20020815 (10)
PRAI
       GB 2001-19928
                           20010815
       US 2001-317812P
                           20010906 (60)
DT
       Utility
       APPLICATION
FS
       PFIZER INC., PATENT DEPARTMENT, MS8260-1611, EASTERN POINT ROAD, GROTON,
LREP
       CT, 06340
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 21
       Exemplary Claim: 1
ECL
       1 Drawing Page(s)
DRWN
LN.CNT 1731
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       This invention relates to the identification of an orphan G-protein
       coupled receptor PFI-011 (and variants thereof) as a receptor of adrenic
       acid, and the use of adrenic acid (and analogues or mimetics thereof) as
       modulators for PFI-011. It also relates to screening methods to identify
       agonists and antagonists for this adrenic acid receptor.
=> s l1 and (mast cell? or basophil?)
   5 FILES SEARCHED...
             1 L1 AND (MAST CELL? OR BASOPHIL?)
=> d 16 bib ab
     ANSWER 1 OF 1 USPATFULL on STN
L6
       92:34059 USPATFULL
AN
       Chemiluminescence assay of in vivo inflammation
ΤI
TN
       Allen, Robert C., Little Rock, AR, United States
       EXOxEmis, Inc., San Antonio, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)
PA
PT
       US 5108899
                               19920428
AT
       US 1989-429105
                               19891031 (7)
DT
       Utility
EXNAM
       Primary Examiner: Kepplinger, Esther L.; Assistant Examiner: Wortman,
       Christensen, O'Connor, Johnson & Kindness
LREP
       Number of Claims: 60
CLMN
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       14 Drawing Figure(s); 6 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1611
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
```

AB

The presence or amount of in vivo inflammation of a patient is determined by comparing the extent of opsonin receptor expression in vivo on phagocytes of a patient with the maximum opsonin receptor expression inducible on phagocytes of the patient in vitro after stimulation with a receptor expression priming agent. Preferably, the in vivo state of inflammation of a patient is determined by contacting a first portion of a phagocyte containing biological sample from the patient with a opsonified oxidative metabolism stimulating agent capable of elicting metabolic activation and with a chemiluminigenic substrate, contacting a second portion of the biological sample from the patient with an opsonin receptor expression priming agent, an opsonfield oxidative metabolism stimulating agent capable of eliciting metabolic activation and a chemiluminigenic substrate, and then comparing the chemiluminescence response of the first and second portions of the sample as a measure of the immune response potential or state of inflammation of the patient. Phagocyte function is additionally quantitatively evaluated by measuring the phagocyte oxygenation capacity of a maximally opsonin receptor primed and stimulated biological sample of a patient, determining the specific oxygenation capacity per phagocyte in the sample, and comparing the specific oxygenation capacity to a set of controls representing the normal distribution of specific oxygenation established from testing a large population. The phagocyte-specific oxygenation capacity is determined by contacting the sample with an opsonin receptor expression priming agent, an opsonified oxidative metabolism stimulating agent and a chemiluminigenic substrate, measuring the chemiluminescence response of the sample, determining the chemiluminescence response per phagocyte of the sample and comparing the response per phagocyte with that of the normal range of values. Kits and reagents are provided for use in the practice of the disclosed methods.

```
=> s 13 and (mast cell? or basophi?)
   5 FILES SEARCHED...
            14 L3 AND (MAST CELL? OR BASOPHI?)
=> s 17 and (Immunoglobulin E or IqE)
            11 L7 AND (IMMUNOGLOBULIN E OR IGE)
=> s 18 and (IgE(w)receptor? or FcRI or FcRII or CD23 Or CD40)
             0 L8 AND (IGE(W) RECEPTOR? OR FCRI OR FCRII OR CD23 OR CD40)
=> s 18 and (IgE receptor)
             0 L8 AND (IGE RECEPTOR)
L10
=> s 18 and (receptor?)
             5 L8 AND (RECEPTOR?)
=> d l11 1-5 bib ab
    ANSWER 1 OF 5 USPATFULL on STN
L11
       2003:188407 USPATFULL
AN
ΤI
       Small peptides and methods for treatment of asthma and inflammation
IN
       Houck, John C., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
       MacDonald, Mary, Lynden, WA, UNITED STATES
       Hisatek, LLC (U.S. corporation)
PΑ
       US 2003130200
PΤ
                          A1
                               20030710
AΤ
       US 2002-192000
                          A1
                               20020709 (10)
       Continuation of Ser. No. US 1998-189130, filed on 10 Nov 1998, GRANTED,
RLI
       Pat. No. US 6462020
       US 1997-65336P
                           19971113 (60)
PRAI
       Utility
DT
FS
       APPLICATION
       EDWARDS & ANGELL, LLP, P.O. BOX 9169, BOSTON, MA, 02209
LREP
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 23
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
```

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DRWN
       14 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1469
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       A pharmaceutical composition is described as an admixture of a
       pharmacological carrier and a peptide having the formula f-
       Met-Leu-X. X is selected from the group
       consisting of Tyr, Tyr-Phe, Phe-Phe and Phe-Tyr. Also described are
       methods for inhibiting the degranulation of mast cells
       and for treating inflammation in a patient, for example, where the
       inflammation is a result of a disease selected from the group consisting
       of asthma, rheumatoid arthritis and anaphylaxis. In addition, methods
       are described for inhibiting the release of cytokines in a patient, for
       inhibiting the release of histamines in a patient, for inhibiting the
       release leukotrienes in a patient, for reducing adhesion, migration and
       aggregation of lymphocytes, eosinophils and neutrophils to a site of
       inflammation in a patient, for reducing the production of IgE
       antibodies at site of inflammation in a patient, and for inhibiting
       increased vascular permeability at site of inflammation in a patient.
       The methods use the described pharmaceutical composition.
    ANSWER 2 OF 5 USPATFULL on STN
L11
       2003:71962 USPATFULL
ΑN
       Complexes of alpha-6 integrin subunits with small peptides and methods
ΤI
       for treating indications resulting from modulation of integrin-mediated
       responses by altering signal transduction
       Clagett, James A., Snohomish, WA, UNITED STATES
IN
       Lipani, John, Mountain Hills, AZ, UNITED STATES
       Palmer, Craig Robert, San Francisco, CA, UNITED STATES
PΙ
       US 2003050249
                          A1
                               20030313
AΤ
       US 2001-863837
                          A1
                               20010523 (9)
PRAI
       US 2000-206397P
                           20000523 (60)
       Utility
DT
       APPLICATION
FS
       Dike, Bronstein, Roberts & Cushman, Intellectual Property Practice
LREP
       Group, Edwards & Angell, LLP, 101 Federal Street, Boston, MA, 02209
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 27
       Exemplary Claim: 1
ECL
       8 Drawing Page(s)
DRWN
LN.CNT 1457
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AB
       A method for modulating an alpha 6 subunit containing integrin-mediated
       signal transduction is described. The method involves contacting a cell
       with an effective integrin modulating amount of an alpha 6 subunit
       containing integrin-mediated signal transduction pathway modification
       agent. Preferred agents are peptides having the formula f-
       Met-Leu-X, wherein X is selected from the
       group consisting of Tyr, Tyr-Phe, Phe-Phe and Phe-Tyr.
L11 ANSWER 3 OF 5 USPATFULL on STN
       2003:17906 USPATFULL
AN
ΤI
       Small peptides and methods for treatment of asthma and inflammation
IN
       Houck, John C., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
       Clagett, James, Snohomish, WA, UNITED STATES
       Hisatek, LLC (U.S. corporation)
PA
ΡI
       US 2003013658
                          A1
                               20030116
AΙ
       US 2002-147633
                          A1
                               20020516 (10)
       Division of Ser. No. US 1998-190043, filed on 10 Nov 1998, GRANTED, Pat.
RLI
       No. US 6391856
       US 1997-65336P
                           19971113 (60)
PRAI
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
       DIKE, BRONSTEIN, ROBERTS AND CUSHMAN,, INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY PRACTICE
LREP
       GROUP, EDWARDS & ANGELL, LLP., P.O. BOX 9169, BOSTON, MA, 02209
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 20
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
```

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LN.CNT 1511
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
      Methods for treating allergies, cutaneous inflammation, arthritis,
       chronic obstruction pulmonary disease and treating chronic inflammatory
       bowel disease are described. Also described is a method for inhibiting
       the infiltration of eosinophils into airways of a patient, a method for
       inhibiting the mucous release into airways of a patient, a method for
      blocking IgE activation of a lymphocyte, a method for
       stabilizing the cell membrane of a lymphocyte, thereby preventing their
       further involvement in the increased inflammatory response to an
       IgE antigen challenge, and a method for inhibiting the migration
       of T-cells. Such methods involve administering to said patient a
       therapeutically effective amount of a peptide having the formula
       f-Met-Leu-X, wherein X is selected
       from the group consisting of Tyr, Tyr-Phe, Phe-Phe and Phe-Tyr.
L11 ANSWER 4 OF 5 USPATFULL on STN
AN
       2002:262344 USPATFULL
       Small peptides and methods for treatment of asthma and inflammation
ΤI
       Houck, John C., late of Seattle, WA, United States deceased
IN
       MacDonald, Mary, Lynden, WA, United States executrix
       Hisatek, LLC, Seattle, WA, United States (U.S. corporation)
PA
       US 6462020
                         В1
                               20021008
PΙ
ΑI
       US 1998-189130
                               19981110 (9)
       US 1997-65336P
                           19971113 (60)
PRAI
       Utility
DT
FS
       GRANTED
       Primary Examiner: Borin, Michael
EXNAM
       Neuner, George W., Edwards & Angell, LLP Intellectual Property Practice
       Group
       Number of Claims: 2
CLMN
       Exemplary Claim: 1
ECL
       26 Drawing Figure(s); 18 Drawing Page(s)
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       A pharmaceutical composition is described as an admixture of a
AB
       pharmacological carrier and a peptide having the formula f-
       Met-Leu-X. X is selected from the group
       consisting of Tyr, Tyr-Phe, Phe-Phe and Phe-Tyr. Also described are
       methods for inhibiting the degranulation of mast cells
       and for treating inflammation in a patient, for example, where the
       inflammation is a result of a disease selected from the group consisting
       of asthma, rheumatoid arthritis and anaphylaxis. In addition, methods
       are described for inhibiting the release of cytokines in a patient, for
       inhibiting the release of histamines in a patient, for inhibiting the
       release leukotrienes in a patient, for reducing adhesion, migration and
       aggregation of lymphocytes, eosinophils and neutrophils to a site of
       inflammation in a patient, for reducing the production of IgE
       antibodies at site of inflammation in a patient, and for inhibiting
       increased vascular permeability at site of inflammation in a patient.
       The methods use the described pharmaceutical composition.
L11 ANSWER 5 OF 5 USPATFULL on STN
AN
       2002:116255 USPATFULL
TI
       Method for treatment of allergic reaction using formyl peptide
       Houck, John C., late of Seattle, WA, United States deceased
IN
       Mary MacDonald, United States executor
       Clagett, James, Snohomish, WA, United States
       Histatek, LLC, San Francisco, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
PA
PΙ
       US 6391856
                          В1
                               20020521
ΑI
       US 1998-190043
                               19981110 (9)
PRAI
       US 1997-65336P
                          19971113 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       GRANTED
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DRWN

18 Drawing Page(s)

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EXNAM Primary Examiner: Borin, Michael
      Neuner, George W., Edwards & Angell, LLP
LREP
      Number of Claims: 3
CLMN
      Exemplary Claim: 1
ECL
      26 Drawing Figure(s); 18 Drawing Page(s)
DRWN
LN.CNT 1428
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
      Methods for treating allergies, cutaneous inflammation, arthritis,
AB
       chronic obstruction pulmonary disease and treating chronic inflammatory
      bowel disease are described. Also described is a method for inhibiting
       the infiltration of eosinophils into airways of a patient, a method for
       inhibiting the mucous release into airways of a patient, a method for
      blocking IgE activation of a lymphocyte, a method for
       stabilizing the cell membrane of a lymphocyte; thereby preventing their
       further involvement in the increased inflammatory response to an
       IgE antigen challenge, and a method for inhibiting the migration
       of T-cells. Such methods involve administering to said patient a
       therapeutically effective amount of a peptide having the formula
       f-Met-Leu-X, wherein X is selected
       from the group consisting of Tyr, Tyr-Phe, Phe-Phe and Phe-Tyr.
=> s 18 and (FcRI or FcRII or CD23 or CD40(w) ligand or CD40L)
             0 L8 AND (FCRI OR FCRII OR CD23 OR CD40(W) LIGAND OR CD40L)
=> s 18 and (CD40(w)ligand or CD40L)
             0 L8 AND (CD40(W) LIGAND OR CD40L)
=> s 18 and (complement recptor or CR2)
             O L8 AND (COMPLEMENT RECPTOR OR CR2)
=> s 17 and 18
            11 L7 AND L8
L15
=> d l15 1-11 bib ab
    ANSWER 1 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
     2000:383954 CAPLUS
AN
DN
     133:26852
     Small peptides and methods using them for treatment of asthma and
TI
     inflammation
IN
     Houck, John C.; Clagett, James
     Histatek, LLC, USA
PΑ
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 74 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LΑ
FAN.CNT 1
                     KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                                           -----
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                           _____
                            20000608
                                           WO 1998-US25583 19981203
PΙ
     WO 2000032217
                      A1
         W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE,
             DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG,
             KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,
             NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT,
             UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES,
             FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,
             CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     AU 9918018
                            20000619
                                           AU 1999-18018
                                                            19981203
                      A1
                            20011114
                                           EP 1998-962874
                                                            19981203
     EP 1152770
                       A1
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, FI
     BR 9816097
                            20020122
                                           BR 1998-16097
                                                            19981203
     JP 2003504304
                       T2
                            20030204
                                           JP 2000-584908
                                                            19981203
PRAI WO 1998-US25583
                            19981203
                      A
```

Methods for treating allergies, cutaneous inflammation, arthritis, chronic AB obstruction pulmonary disease and treating chronic inflammatory bowel disease are described. Also described is a method for inhibiting the infiltration of eosinophils into airways of a patient, a method for inhibiting the mucous release into airways of a patient, a method for blocking IgE activation of a lymphocyte, a method for stabilizing the cell membrane of a lymphocyte, thereby preventing their further involvement in the increased inflammatory response to an IgE antigen challenge, and a method for inhibiting the migration of T-cells. These methods involve administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amt. of a peptide having the formula ${f f}$ -Met-Leu-X, (X = Tyr, Tyr-Phe, Phe-Phe, Phe-Tyr). THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT 3 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L15 ANSWER 2 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 1999:350603 CAPLUS ANDN130:347411 Small peptides and methods for treatment of asthma and inflammation ΤI IN Houck,_John_C. Hisatek, LLC, USA PA SO PCT Int. Appl., 48 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DTPatent LA English FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ----------_____ ----------WO 9925372 A1 19990527 WO 1998-US14103 19980707 DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG CA 2309639 19990527 CA 1998-2309639 19980707 AΑ AU 9884779 19990607 AU 1998-84779 Α1 19980707 EP 1037651 **A1** 20000927 EP 1998-935561 19980707 AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI BR 9815288 20010213 BR 1998-15288 Α 19980707 JP 2002516820 20020611 JP 2000-520805 T219980707 20020521 US 1998-190043 US 6391856 B119981110 US 6462020 B1 20021008 US 1998-189130 19981110 US 2003013658 A1 20030116 US 2002-147633 20020516 US 2003130200 Α1 20030710 US 2002-192000 20020709 PRAI US 1997-65336P Р 19971113 WO 1998-US14103 W 19980707 US 1998-189130 Α1 19981110 US 1998-190043 **A3** 19981110 A pharmaceutical compn. is described as an admixt. of a pharmacol. carrier AB and a peptide having the formula f-Met-Leu-X (X = Tyr, Tyr-Phe, Phe-Phe and Phe-Tyr). Also described are methods for inhibiting the degranulation of mast cells and for treating inflammation in a patient, for example, where the inflammation is a result of a disease selected from the group consisting of asthma, rheumatoid arthritis and anaphylaxis. In addn., methods are described for inhibiting the release of cytokines in a patient, for inhibiting the release of histamines in a patient, for inhibiting the release leukotrienes in a patient, for reducing adhesion, migration and aggregation of lymphocytes, eosinophils and neutrophils to a site of inflammation in a patient, for reducing the prodn. of IgE

antibodies at site of inflammation in a patient, and for inhibiting increased vascular permeability at site of inflammation in a patient. The methods use the described pharmaceutical compn.

RE.CNT 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L15 ANSWER 3 OF 11 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
- AN 2002:611123 BIOSIS
- DN PREV200200611123
- TI Small peptides and methods for treatment of asthma and inflammation.
- AU Houck, John C. [Inventor]; MacDonald, Mary [Inventor, Reprint author]
- CS Lynden, WA, USA
 - ASSIGNEE: Hisatek, LLC, Seattle, WA, USA
- PI US 6462020 October 08, 2002
- Official Gazette of the United States Patent and Trademark Office Patents, (Oct. 8, 2002) Vol. 1263, No. 2. http://www.uspto.gov/web/menu/patdata.htm l. e-file.

CODEN: OGUPE7. ISSN: 0098-1133.

- DT Patent
- LA English
- ED Entered STN: 27 Nov 2002 Last Updated on STN: 27 Nov 2002
- A pharmaceutical composition is described as an admixture of a AB pharmacological carrier and a peptide having the formula f-Met-Leu-X. X is selected from the group consisting of Tyr, Tyr-Phe, Phe-Phe and Phe-Tyr. Also described are methods for inhibiting the degranulation of mast cells and for treating inflammation in a patient, for example, where the inflammation is a result of a disease selected from the group consisting of asthma, rheumatoid arthritis and anaphylaxis. In addition, methods are described for inhibiting the release of cytokines in a patient, for inhibiting the release of histamines in a patient, for inhibiting the release leukotrienes in a patient, for reducing adhesion, migration and aggregation of lymphocytes, eosinophils and neutrophils to a site of inflammation in a patient, for reducing the production of IgE antibodies at site of inflammation in a patient, and for inhibiting increased vascular permeability at site of inflammation in a patient. methods use the described pharmaceutical composition.
- L15 ANSWER 4 OF 11 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
- AN 2002:357108 BIOSIS
- DN PREV200200357108
- TI Method for treatment of allergic reaction using formyl peptide.
- AU Houck, John C. [Inventor, Reprint author]; Clagett, James [Inventor]
- CS late of Seattle, WA, USA
 - ASSIGNEE: Histatek, LLC, San Francisco, CA, USA
- PI US 6391856 May 21, 2002
- SO Official Gazette of the United States Patent and Trademark Office Patents, (May 21, 2002) Vol. 1258, No. 3. http://www.uspto.gov/web/menu/patdata.html.e-file.
 - CODEN: OGUPE7. ISSN: 0098-1133.
- DT Patent
- LA English
- ED Entered STN: 26 Jun 2002 Last Updated on STN: 26 Jun 2002
- AB Methods for treating allergies, cutaneous inflammation, arthritis, chronic obstruction pulmonary disease and treating chronic inflammatory bowel disease are described. Also described is a method for inhibiting the infiltration of eosinophils into airways of a patient, a method for inhibiting the mucous release into airways of a patient, a method for blocking IgE activation of a lymphocyte, a method for stabilizing the cell membrane of a lymphocyte; thereby preventing their further involvement in the increased inflammatory response to an IgE antigen challenge, and a method for inhibiting the migration of T-cells. Such methods involve administering to said patient a

therapeutically effective amount of a peptide having the formula **f** -Met-Leu-X, wherein X is selected from the group consisting of Tyr, Tyr-Phe, Phe-Phe and Phe-Tyr.

L15 ANSWER 5 OF 11 USPATFULL on STN 2003:188407 USPATFULL AN Small peptides and methods for treatment of asthma and inflammation TΤ Houck, John C., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES IN MacDonald, Mary, Lynden, WA, UNITED STATES LR Hisatek, LLC (U.S. corporation) PΑ 20030710 US 2003130200 A1 PΙ US 2002-192000 Α1 20020709 (10) ΑI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1998-189130, filed on 10 Nov 1998, GRANTED, RLI Pat. No. US 6462020 US 1997-65336P 19971113 (60) PRAI DTUtility APPLICATION FS EDWARDS & ANGELL, LLP, P.O. BOX 9169, BOSTON, MA, 02209 LREP CLMN Number of Claims: 23 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 14 Drawing Page(s) LN CNT 1469 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. A pharmaceutical composition is described as an admixture of a pharmacological carrier and a peptide having the formula f-Met-Leu-X. X is selected from the group consisting of Tyr, Tyr-Phe, Phe-Phe and Phe-Tyr. Also described are methods for inhibiting the degranulation of mast cells and for treating inflammation in a patient, for example, where the inflammation is a result of a disease selected from the group consisting of asthma, rheumatoid arthritis and anaphylaxis. In addition, methods are described for inhibiting the release of cytokines in a patient, for inhibiting the release of histamines in a patient, for inhibiting the release leukotrienes in a patient, for reducing adhesion, migration and aggregation of lymphocytes, eosinophils and neutrophils to a site of inflammation in a patient, for reducing the production of IgE antibodies at site of inflammation in a patient, and for inhibiting increased vascular permeability at site of inflammation in a patient. The methods use the described pharmaceutical composition. L15 ANSWER 6 OF 11 USPATFULL on STN AN 2003:71962 USPATFULL ΤI Complexes of alpha-6 integrin subunits with small peptides and methods for treating indications resulting from modulation of integrin-mediated responses by altering signal transduction IN Clagett, James A., Snohomish, WA, UNITED STATES Lipani, John, Mountain Hills, AZ, UNITED STATES Palmer, Craig Robert, San Francisco, CA, UNITED STATES PΙ US 2003050249 A1 20030313 US 2001-863837 A1 20010523 (9) AΙ PRAI US 2000-206397P 20000523 (60) Utility DT APPLICATION FS Dike, Bronstein, Roberts & Cushman, Intellectual Property Practice LREP Group, Edwards & Angell, LLP, 101 Federal Street, Boston, MA, 02209 Number of Claims: 27 CLMN ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 8 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 1457 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. A method for modulating an alpha 6 subunit containing integrin-mediated AB signal transduction is described. The method involves contacting a cell with an effective integrin modulating amount of an alpha 6 subunit containing integrin-mediated signal transduction pathway modification

agent. Preferred agents are peptides having the formula f-

Met-Leu-X, wherein X is selected from the group consisting of Tyr, Tyr-Phe, Phe-Phe and Phe-Tyr.

```
L15 ANSWER 7 OF 11 USPATFULL on STN
       2003:17906 USPATFULL
ΑN
       Small peptides and methods for treatment of asthma and inflammation
ΤI
       Houck, John C., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
IN
       Clagett, James, Snohomish, WA, UNITED STATES
       Hisatek, LLC (U.S. corporation)
PΑ
       US 2003013658
                          A1
                               20030116
PΙ
       US 2002-147633
                          A1
                               20020516 (10)
ΑI
       Division of Ser. No. US 1998-190043, filed on 10 Nov 1998, GRANTED, Pat.
RLI
       No. US 6391856
                           19971113 (60)
       US 1997-65336P
PRAI
       Utility
DT
       APPLICATION
FS
       DIKE, BRONSTEIN, ROBERTS AND CUSHMAN,, INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY PRACTICE
LREP
       GROUP, EDWARDS & ANGELL, LLP., P.O. BOX 9169, BOSTON, MA, 02209
       Number of Claims: 20
CLMN
       Exemplary Claim: 1
ECL
       18 Drawing Page(s)
DRWN
LN.CNT 1511
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       Methods for treating allergies, cutaneous inflammation, arthritis,
       chronic obstruction pulmonary disease and treating chronic inflammatory
       bowel disease are described. Also described is a method for inhibiting
       the infiltration of eosinophils into airways of a patient, a method for
       inhibiting the mucous release into airways of a patient, a method for
       blocking IgE activation of a lymphocyte, a method for
       stabilizing the cell membrane of a lymphocyte, thereby preventing their
       further involvement in the increased inflammatory response to an
       IqE antiqen challenge, and a method for inhibiting the migration
       of T-cells. Such methods involve administering to said patient a
       therapeutically effective amount of a peptide having the formula
       f-Met-Leu-X, wherein X is selected
       from the group consisting of Tyr, Tyr-Phe, Phe-Phe and Phe-Tyr.
L15 ANSWER 8 OF 11 USPATFULL on STN
       2002:262344 USPATFULL
ΑN
ΤI
       Small peptides and methods for treatment of asthma and inflammation
IN
       Houck, John C., late of Seattle, WA, United States deceased
       MacDonald, Mary, Lynden, WA, United States executrix
PA
       Hisatek, LLC, Seattle, WA, United States (U.S. corporation)
       US 6462020
                               20021008
ΡI
                          В1
       US 1998-189130
                               19981110 (9)
ΑI
       US 1997-65336P
                           19971113 (60)
PRAI
DT
       Utility
       GRANTED
FS
       Primary Examiner: Borin, Michael
EXNAM
       Neuner, George W., Edwards & Angell, LLP Intellectual Property Practice
LREP
       Group
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 2
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
       26 Drawing Figure(s); 18 Drawing Page(s)
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       A pharmaceutical composition is described as an admixture of a
AB
       pharmacological carrier and a peptide having the formula f-
       Met-Leu-X. X is selected from the group
       consisting of Tyr, Tyr-Phe, Phe-Phe and Phe-Tyr. Also described are
       methods for inhibiting the degranulation of mast cells
       and for treating inflammation in a patient, for example, where the
       inflammation is a result of a disease selected from the group consisting
       of asthma, rheumatoid arthritis and anaphylaxis. In addition, methods
       are described for inhibiting the release of cytokines in a patient, for
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inhibiting the release of histamines in a patient, for inhibiting the release leukotrienes in a patient, for reducing adhesion, migration and aggregation of lymphocytes, eosinophils and neutrophils to a site of inflammation in a patient, for reducing the production of IgE antibodies at site of inflammation in a patient, and for inhibiting increased vascular permeability at site of inflammation in a patient. The methods use the described pharmaceutical composition.

```
L15 ANSWER 9 OF 11 USPATFULL on STN
       2002:116255 USPATFULL
ΑN
тT
      Method for treatment of allergic reaction using formyl peptide
       Houck, John C., late of Seattle, WA, United States deceased
TN
       Mary MacDonald, United States executor
       Clagett, James, Snohomish, WA, United States
       Histatek, LLC, San Francisco, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
PA
PΙ
       US 6391856
                          B1
                               20020521
AΙ
       US 1998-190043
                               19981110 (9)
       US 1997-65336P
                           19971113 (60)
PRAI
       Utility
DT
FS
       GRANTED
      Primary Examiner: Borin, Michael
EXNAM
      Neuner, George W., Edwards & Angell, LLP
CLMN
      Number of Claims: 3
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       26 Drawing Figure(s); 18 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1428
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AΒ
       Methods for treating allergies, cutaneous inflammation, arthritis,
       chronic obstruction pulmonary disease and treating chronic inflammatory
       bowel disease are described. Also described is a method for inhibiting
       the infiltration of eosinophils into airways of a patient, a method for
       inhibiting the mucous release into airways of a patient, a method for
       blocking IgE activation of a lymphocyte, a method for
       stabilizing the cell membrane of a lymphocyte; thereby preventing their
       further involvement in the increased inflammatory response to an
       IgE antigen challenge, and a method for inhibiting the migration
       of T-cells. Such methods involve administering to said patient a
       therapeutically effective amount of a peptide having the formula
       f-Met-Leu-X, wherein X is selected
       from the group consisting of Tyr, Tyr-Phe, Phe-Phe and Phe-Tyr.
L15 ANSWER 10 OF 11 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN
AΝ
     2000-412151 [35]
                        WPIDS
DNC
     C2000-124935
     Treating allergies, inflammation (especially of the bowel), arthritis and
TI
     chronic obstruction pulmonary disease by co-administering a short peptide
     with anti-leukotrienes, beta2 agonists and corticosteroids.
DC
     B01 B04
IN
     CLAGETT, J; HOUCK, J C
     (HIST-N) HISTATEK LLC; (HIST-N) HISTATEC LLC
PA
CYC
PΙ
    WO 2000032217 A1 20000608 (200035) * EN
                                              70p
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            OA PT SD SE SZ UG ZW
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            MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG
            UZ VN YU ZW
    AU 9918018
                   A 20000619 (200044)
                   A1 20011114 (200175)
                                         EN
    EP 1152770
         R: AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE
                  A 20020122 (200216)
    BR 9816097
     KR 2001108002 A 20011207 (200236)
                  A 20020320 (200246)
     CN 1341026
     JP 2003504304 W 20030204 (200320)
                                              75p
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ADT WO 2000032217 A1 WO 1998-US25583 19981203; AU 9918018 A WO 1998-US25583 19981203, AU 1999-18018 19981203; EP 1152770 A1 EP 1998-962874 19981203, WO 1998-US25583 19981203; BR 9816097 A BR 1998-16097 19981203, WO 1998-US25583 19981203; KR 2001108002 A WO 1998-US25583 19981203, KR 2001-707005 20010604; CN 1341026 A CN 1998-814393 19981203, WO 1998-US25583 19981203; JP 2003504304 W WO 1998-US25583 19981203, JP 2000-584908 19981203 FDT AU 9918018 A Based on WO 2000032217; EP 1152770 A1 Based on WO 2000032217; BR 9816097 A Based on WO 2000032217; JP 2003504304 W Based on WO 2000032217 PRAI WO 1998-US25583 19981203 WO 200032217 A UPAB: 20000725 NOVELTY - Methods (M) (designated (M1)-(M5)) for treating allergies, inflammation (especially of the bowel), arthritis and chronic obstruction pulmonary disease by co-administering a short N-formyl -methionyl-leucyl peptide (I) with anti-leukotrienes, beta 2 agonists and corticosteroids, are new. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - Methods (M) of treating (in mammals) suffering from either: allergic reactions (M1); (2) cutaneous inflammation (M2); (3) arthritis (such as osteoarthritis, psoriatic arthritis, lupus and spondylarthritis) (M3); (4) chronic obstruction pulmonary disease (M4); and/or (5) chronic inflammatory bowel disease (M5); (M) comprises administering the peptide (I). INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following: (a) a method (M6) for inhibiting the infiltration of eosinophils into the airways of a patient, comprising administering (I); (b) a method (M7) for inhibiting mucous release into the airways of a patient comprising administering (I); (c) a method (M8) for blocking immunoglobulin (Iq)-E activation of a lymphocyte, comprising administering (I); (d) a method (M9) for stabilizing the cell membrane of a lymphocyte to prevent further involvement in increased inflammatory responses to IgE antigen challenges, comprising contacting the lymphocyte with (I); and (e) a method (M10) for inhibiting the migration of T-cells, comprising contacting the T-cells with (I). f-Met-Leu-X (I) X = Tyr, Tyr-Phe, Phe-Phe and/or Phe-Tyr. ACTIVITY - Immunosuppressive; immunomodulatory; antiallergic; cardiovascular; dermatological; anti-psoriatic; antiinflammatory; vulnerary; antiarthritic; pulmonary; gastrointestinal. MECHANISM OF ACTION - (I) functions by, either: (i) inhibiting the infiltration of eosinophils into the airways of a patient; (ii) inhibiting mucous release into the airways of a patient; (iii) blocking immunoglobulin (Ig)-E activation of lymphocytes; (iv) stabilizing the cell membranes of lymphocytes to prevent further involvement in increased inflammatory responses to IgE antigen challenges; and/or (v) inhibiting the migration of T-cells (claimed). (I) acts in the same way as corticosteroids and causes inhibition of mast cell degranulation. Several **f-Met-Leu** peptides were tested for inhibition of induced granulation in a rat skin model using 100 nanomoles of peptide and a test dose of 15 micrograms of compound 48/80. An intrinsic zero-peptide dose 48/80 control was included in each rat for each experiment, and the percentage inhibition was determined in relation to this control (i.e. 0% inhibition). The percentage mast

The peptides **f-Met-Leu-**Phe-Phe and **f-Met-Leu-**Tyr were found to cause 100% and 50% inhibition, respectively.

cell degranulation produced by 48/80 was also determined.

USE - (M1) is used to treat allergy reactions associated with allergic rhinitis, uticaria, anaphylaxis, drug sensitivity and/or food sensitivity. (M2) is used to treat cutaneous inflammations such as dermatitis, eczema, psoriasis, contact dermatitis, sunburn and/or aging (claimed). (M3) is used to treat arthritis (such as osteoarthritis, psoriatic arthritis, lupus and spondylarthritis). (M4) is used to treat chronic obstruction pulmonary disease and (M5) is used to treat chronic inflammatory bowel disease (claimed). (I) may also be used to replace corticosteroids in any application in which corticosteroids are used (e.g. immunosuppression in transplant patients and cancer therapy). Dwg.0/14 L15 ANSWER 11 OF 11 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN 1999-370730 [31] WPIDS DNC C1999-109375 Composition containing formyl-methionine peptide. HOUCK, J C; CLAGETT, J; MACDONALD, M (HIST-N) HISTATEK LLC; (HISA-N) HISATEK LLC CYC 84 A1 19990527 (199931) * EN WO 9925372 47p RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW NL OA PT SD SE SZ UG ZW W: AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB GE GH GM GW HR HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG UZ VN YU ZW AU 9884779 A 19990607 (199943) EP 1037651 A1 20000927 (200048) EΝ R: AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE A 20010213 (200114) BR 9815288 A 20010131 (200131) CN 1282253 KR 2001032072 A 20010416 (200163) B1 20020521 (200239) US 6391856 JP 2002516820 W 20020611 (200253) 47p B1 20021008 (200269) US 6462020 US 2003013658 A1 20030116 (200308) US 2003130200 A1 20030710 (200347) ADT WO 9925372 A1 WO 1998-US14103 19980707; AU 9884779 A AU 1998-84779 19980707; EP 1037651 A1 EP 1998-935561 19980707, WO 1998-US14103 19980707; BR 9815288 A BR 1998-15288 19980707, WO 1998-US14103 19980707; CN 1282253 A CN 1998-812310 19980707; KR 2001032072 A KR 2000-705194 20000512; US 6391856 B1 Provisional US 1997-65336P 19971113, US 1998-190043 19981110; JP 2002516820 W WO 1998-US14103 19980707, JP 2000-520805 19980707; US 6462020 B1 Provisional US 1997-65336P 19971113, US 1998-189130 19981110; US 2003013658 A1 Provisional US 1997-65336P 19971113, Div ex US 1998-190043 19981110, US 2002-147633 20020516; US 2003130200 A1 Provisional US 1997-65336P 19971113, Cont of US 1998-189130 19981110, US 2002-192000 20020709 FDT AU 9884779 A Based on WO 9925372; EP 1037651 A1 Based on WO 9925372; BR 9815288 A Based on WO 9925372; JP 2002516820 W Based on WO 9925372; US 2003013658 A1 Div ex US 6391856; US 2003130200 A1 Cont of US 6462020 19971113; US 1998-190043 19981110; US 1998-189130 PRAI US 1997-65336P 19981110; US 2002-147633 20020516; US 2002-192000 9925372 A UPAB: 20010312 NOVELTY - Composition contains a peptide (I) that has an N-terminal formyl-methionine residue. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - (I) are of formula f-Met-Leu-X f-Met = formyl-methionine; X = Tyr, Tyr-Phe, Phe-Phe or Phe-Tyr. ACTIVITY - Anti-asthmatic; anti-inflammatory. Mice were sensitized

(on day 0) by intraperitoneal injection of ovalbumin (OVA), then

challenged (on days 25, 26 and 27) intranasally with OVA, 30 minutes after

ΑN

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PA

ΡI

AB

intraperitoneal injection of 5 or 10 mg/kg of peptide f-Met-Leu-Phe-Phe (Ia). On day 28, bronchoalveolar lavage samples were taken and analyzed for content of eosinophils. The proportion of these cells in the airways was 14.2% in animals treated with (Ia); compared with 44.8% in those given no treatment and 15.8% in those treated with 35 mg/kg of the known lipoxygenase inhibitor N-(1-benzo(b)thien-2-ylethyl)-N-hydroxyurea.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - (I) inhibit **mast cell** degranulation, and thus release of pro-inflammatory mediators. Rats were injected:

(i) into the tail vein with trypan blue, and

(ii) intradermally, on the back, with 0.1 ml of a solution containing 0.15 mu g compound 48/80 (not identified; an inducer of mast cell degranulation) and 100 nmoles of (Ia).

After 15 minutes, the animals were killed and an image of the skin from the back digitized with a video camera/computer system to determine the area of capillary permeability (from uptake of the dye). (Ia) provided 100% inhibition of 48/80-induced degranulation; compared with only 30% inhibition using the known compound f-Met-Leu-Phe.

USE - (I) are used:

(i) to inhibit degranulation of mast cells and release of cytokines, histamine or leukotrienes;

(ii) to reduce adhesion, migration and aggregation of lymphocytes, eosinophils and neutrophils to a site of inflammation;

(iii) to reduce production, or crosslinking, of

immunoglobulin E at such sites, and

(iv) to increase vascular permeability at these sites.

Specifically (I) are used to treat asthma or inflammation (particularly rheumatoid arthritis and anaphylaxis).

ADVANTAGE - (I) are not chemotactic for lymphocytes, eosinophils or neutrophils and have no toxic effects on heart, liver, lung. Dwq.0/7

```
=> s (IgE recptor)
             1 (IGE RECPTOR)
L16
=> d l16 bib ab
L16 ANSWER 1 OF 1 USPATFULL on STN
       2002:133851 USPATFULL
AN
ΤI
       Therapeutic uses of LNA-modified oligonucleotides
       Orum, Henrik, Vaerlose, DENMARK
IN
       Koch, Troels, Copenhagen, DENMARK
       Skouv, Jan, Espergade, DENMARK
       Jakobsen, Mogens Havsteen, Vanlose, DENMARK
                               20020606
PΙ
       US 2002068709
                         A1
ΑI
       US 2000-747913
                          A1
                               20001222 (9)
                           19991223 (60)
PRAI
       US 1999-171873P
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
       Dike, Bronstein, Roberts & Cushman, Intellectual Property Practice
LREP
       Group, Edwards & Angell, LLP, 130 Water Street, Boston, MA, 02109
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 26
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
       3 Drawing Page(s)
DRWN
LN.CNT 1596
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
```

The invention relates to therapeutic applications of LNA-modified oligonucleotides. In particular, the invention provides methods for treatment of undesired cell growth as well as treatment of inflammatory related diseases and disorders. Preferably, administration of an LNA-modified oligonucleotide modulates expression of a targeted gene associated with the undesired cell growth or an inflammatory related

```
=> s (IgE(w) receptor? or FcRI or FcRII or soluble(w) FcRII)
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             0 L15 AND L17
L18
=> s 13 and 117
             0 L3 AND L17
L19
=> s l1 and l17
             0 L1 AND L17
L20
=> s l17 and (IgE mediated response)
            20 L17 AND (IGE MEDIATED RESPONSE)
=> s 121 and 13
             0 L21 AND L3
L22
=> s 121 and 11
             0 L21 AND L1
=> s 121 and 111
             0 L21 AND L11
L24
=> s 121 and (N-formyl-methionyl-leucyl or F-Met-Leu)
             1 L21 AND (N-FORMYL-METHIONYL-LEUCYL OR F-MET-LEU)
L25
=> d 125 bib ab
L25 ANSWER 1 OF 1 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN
     2001-191301 [19]
                        WPIDS
AN
DNC C2001-057259
TI
     Treating an indication resulting from an IgE-mediated
     response such as acute or chronic asthma comprises administering a
     down-regulating peptide.
DC
     CLAGETT, J; CLARGETT, J
IN
PA
     (HIST-N) HISTATEK LLC
CYC
    92
PΙ
     WO 2001005420 A1 20010125 (200119)* EN
                                              57p
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            LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL
            TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW
     AU 2000063515 A 20010205 (200128)
     NO 2002000224 A 20020304 (200223)
     BR 2000012495 A 20020611 (200248)
     KR 2002040750 A 20020530 (200276)
     CN 1367700
                 A 20020904 (200281)
     JP 2003504412 W 20030204 (200320)
                                              57p
     EP 1303290
                  A1 20030423 (200329) EN
         R: AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE
     MX 2002000531 A1 20030701 (200366)
ADT WO 2001005420 A1 WO 2000-US19496 20000714; AU 2000063515 A AU 2000-63515
     20000714: NO 2002000224 A WO 2000-US19496 20000714, NO 2002-224 20020115;
     BR 2000012495 A BR 2000-12495 20000714, WO 2000-US19496 20000714; KR
     2002040750 A KR 2002-700605 20020115; CN 1367700 A CN 2000-811161
     20000714; JP 2003504412 W WO 2000-US19496 20000714, JP 2001-510474
     20000714; EP 1303290 A1 EP 2000-950404 20000714, WO 2000-US19496 20000714;
     MX 2002000531 A1 WO 2000-US19496 20000714, MX 2002-531 20020115
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FDT AU 2000063515 A Based on WO 2001005420; BR 2000012495 A Based on WO 2001005420; JP 2003504412 W Based on WO 2001005420; EP 1303290 Al Based on WO 2001005420; MX 2002000531 Al Based on WO 2001005420

PRAI US 1999-144539P 19990716

AB WO 200105420 A UPAB: 20010405

NOVELTY - A method for treating an indication resulting from an IgE-mediated response in a mammal comprises administering to the mammal an IgE downregulating effective amount of a peptide of formula (I).

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A method for treating an indication resulting from an IgE-mediated response in a mammal comprises administering to the mammal an IgE downregulating effective amount of a peptide of formula N-formyl-methionyl-leucyl-X (I).

X = Tyr, Tyr-Phe, Phe-Phe and Phe-Tyr
INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for:

- (1) downregulating a receptor for IgE comprising administering an IgE receptor downregulating amount of (I);
- (2) downregulating CD40 ligand, preventing its further involvement in IgE production, comprising administering a CD40 ligand downregulating amount of (I); and
- (3) inhibiting IgE secretion by plasma cells comprising contacting the plasma cells with an IgE secretion inhibiting effective amount of (I). ACTIVITY - Antiasthmatic; antiallergic; immunosuppressive; antiinflammatory; antihistamine.

To establish therapeutic effectiveness of N-formyl -methionyl-leucyl-Phe-Phe (HK-X) during the effector phase of bronchial asthma at days 25, 26 and 27 induced by repeated immunization with ovalbumin (OVA) used as a model allergen, doses of 0.1, 1.0, 10 and 50 micro q of intranasal HK-X were administered to acute asthmatic mice. HK-X was administered 30 min before OVA challenge. Control groups consisted of OVA-immunized and OVA-challenged mice as well as animals immunized with Alum in saline and challenged with saline alone. All animals were sacrificed one day after (day 28) the final OVA challenge. Serum IgE levels were determined and serum and lung tissues were collected for further analysis. The most effective dose was 10 micro g administered intranasally compared to lower doses and a higher dose, 50 micro g. Compared to controls, animals treated with 10 micro g of HK-X demonstrated a 60% reduction in serum IgE levels, 50% reduction in cellular infiltration of the lung, 70% reduction in mucus plug formation and 67% reduction in eosinophil number.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - IgE-inhibitor.

USE - (I) is used to treat indications resulting from an IgE -mediated response (claimed) e.g. allergic diseases such as asthma. Also useful for downregulating IgE receptors, downregulating CD40 ligand and inhibiting IgE secretion by plasma cells (all claimed). (I) is useful for decreasing or preventing release of leukotrienes, histamines and other cytokines and preventing chemotaxis of lymphocytes, esonophils and neutrophils reducing vascular permeability at the inflammation site.

ADVANTAGE - Treats IgE-mediated conditions by modulating IgE levels therefore allowing treatment of a variety of conditions. Prior art techniques focused on treating downstream events caused by IgE meaning different techniques for each condition. No toxicity to vital organs such as heart, liver and lungs is displayed.

Dwg.0/17

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:48:56 ON 31 JAN 2004)

FILE 'MEDLINE, CAPLUS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHDS, EMBASE, USPATFULL, WPIDS' ENTERED AT 16:49:12 ON 31 JAN 2004

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1.2
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L3
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L4
              1 S L1 AND (IMMUNOGLOBULIN E OR IGE)
L5
              1 S L1 AND (MAST CELL? OR BASOPHIL?)
L6
             14 S L3 AND (MAST CELL? OR BASOPHI?)
L7
             11 S L7 AND (IMMUNOGLOBULIN E OR IGE)
L8
              O S L8 AND (IGE(W) RECEPTOR? OR FCRI OR FCRII OR CD23 OR CD40)
L9
              0 S L8 AND (IGE RECEPTOR)
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L11
              O S L8 AND (FCRI OR FCRII OR CD23 OR CD40(W)LIGAND OR CD40L)
L12
              0 S L8 AND (CD40(W)LIGAND OR CD40L)
L13
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L14
             11 S L7 AND L8
L15
              1 S (IGE RECPTOR)
L16
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              0 S L15 AND L17
L18
              0 S L3 AND L17
L19
L20
              0 S L1 AND L17
             20 S L17 AND (IGE MEDIATED RESPONSE)
L21
L22
              0 S L21 AND L3
L23
              0 S L21 AND L1
L24
              0 S L21 AND L11
              1 S L21 AND (N-FORMYL-METHIONYL-LEUCYL OR F-MET-LEU)
L25
=> s l11 or l21 and (down regulat? or downregulating)
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=> s 126 and (plasma cell?)
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=> s L26 and (inhibit?(w) IqE)
             8 L26 AND (INHIBIT? (W) IGE)
=> s 127 and 128
             1 L27 AND L28
L29
=> d 129 bib ab
L29 ANSWER 1 OF 1 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN
AN
     2001-191301 [19]
                        WPIDS
DNC C2001-057259
     Treating an indication resulting from an IgE-mediated
ΤI
     response such as acute or chronic asthma comprises administering a
     down-regulating peptide.
DC
     CLAGETT, J; CLARGETT, J
IN
     (HIST-N) HISTATEK LLC
PΑ
CYC 92
     WO 2001005420 A1 20010125 (200119) * EN
                                               57p
ΡI
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            NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TZ UG ZW
         W: AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM EE ES
            FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS
            LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL
            TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW
     AU 2000063515 A
                      20010205 (200128)
     NO 2002000224 A
                      20020304 (200223)
     BR 2000012495 A
                     20020611 (200248)
     KR 2002040750 A 20020530 (200276)
     CN 1367700
                   A 20020904 (200281)
     JP 2003504412 W 20030204 (200320)
                                               57p
                  A1 20030423 (200329)
     EP 1303290
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MX 2002000531 A1 20030701 (200366) ADT WO 2001005420 A1 WO 2000-US19496 20000714; AU 2000063515 A AU 2000-63515 20000714; NO 2002000224 A WO 2000-US19496 20000714, NO 2002-224 20020115; BR 2000012495 A BR 2000-12495 20000714, WO 2000-US19496 20000714; KR 2002040750 A KR 2002-700605 20020115; CN 1367700 A CN 2000-811161 20000714; JP 2003504412 W WO 2000-US19496 20000714, JP 2001-510474 20000714; EP 1303290 A1 EP 2000-950404 20000714, WO 2000-US19496 20000714; MX 2002000531 A1 WO 2000-US19496 20000714, MX 2002-531 20020115 FDT AU 2000063515 A Based on WO 2001005420; BR 2000012495 A Based on WO 2001005420; JP 2003504412 W Based on WO 2001005420; EP 1303290 A1 Based on WO 2001005420; MX 2002000531 A1 Based on WO 2001005420 PRAI US 1999-144539P 19990716

WO 200105420 A UPAB: 20010405

NOVELTY - A method for treating an indication resulting from an IgE-mediated response in a mammal comprises administering to the mammal an IgE downregulating effective amount of a peptide of formula (I).

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A method for treating an indication resulting from an IgE-mediated response in a mammal comprises administering to the mammal an IgE downregulating effective amount of a peptide of formula N-formyl-methionyl-leucyl-X (I).

X = Tyr, Tyr-Phe, Phe-Phe and Phe-TyrINDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for:

- (1) downregulating a receptor for IgE comprising administering an IgE receptor downregulating amount of (I);
- (2) downregulating CD40 ligand, preventing its further involvement in IqE production, comprising administering a CD40 ligand downregulating amount of (I); and
- (3) inhibiting IgE secretion by plasma cells comprising contacting the plasma cells with an IgE secretion inhibiting effective amount of (I). ACTIVITY - Antiasthmatic; antiallergic; immunosuppressive; antiinflammatory; antihistamine.

To establish therapeutic effectiveness of N-formyl-methionyl-leucyl-Phe-Phe (HK-X) during the effector phase of bronchial asthma at days 25, 26 and 27 induced by repeated immunization with ovalbumin (OVA) used as a model allergen, doses of 0.1, 1.0, 10 and 50 micro g of intranasal HK-X were administered to acute asthmatic mice. HK-X was administered 30 min before OVA challenge. Control groups consisted of OVA-immunized and OVA-challenged mice as well as animals immunized with Alum in saline and challenged with saline alone. All animals were sacrificed one day after (day 28) the final OVA challenge. Serum IgE levels were determined and serum and lung tissues were collected for further analysis. The most effective dose was 10 micro g administered intranasally compared to lower doses and a higher dose, 50 micro g. Compared to controls, animals treated with 10 micro g of HK-X demonstrated a 60% reduction in serum IqE levels, 50% reduction in cellular infiltration of the lung, 70% reduction in mucus plug formation and 67% reduction in eosinophil number.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - IgE-inhibitor.

USE - (I) is used to treat indications resulting from an IgE -mediated response (claimed) e.g. allergic diseases such as asthma. Also useful for downregulating IgE receptors, downregulating CD40 ligand and inhibiting IgE secretion by plasma cells (all claimed). (I) is useful for decreasing or preventing release of leukotrienes, histamines and other cytokines and preventing chemotaxis of lymphocytes, esonophils and neutrophils reducing vascular permeability at the inflammation site.

ADVANTAGE - Treats IgE-mediated conditions by modulating IgE levels therefore allowing treatment of a variety of conditions. Prior art techniques focused on treating downstream events caused by IgE meaning different techniques for each condition. No toxicity to vital organs such as heart, liver and lungs is displayed. Dwg.0/17

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=> s 127 and (CD40(w)ligand or CD40L)
             1 L27 AND (CD40(W) LIGAND OR CD40L)
L30
=> s 128 and (FcRI or FcRII or soluble(w)FcRII)
             0 L28 AND (FCRI OR FCRII OR SOLUBLE(W) FCRII)
L31
=> s 128 and (CD40(w)ligand or CD40L)
             1 L28 AND (CD40(W) LIGAND OR CD40L)
L32
=> s 130 and 132
             1 L30 AND L32
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    ANSWER 1 OF 1 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN
L33
                        WPIDS
     2001-191301 [19]
AN
DNC
    C2001-057259
     Treating an indication resulting from an IgE-mediated
TI
     response such as acute or chronic asthma comprises administering a
     down-regulating peptide.
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IN
     CLAGETT, J; CLARGETT, J
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     (HIST-N) HISTATEK LLC
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     WO 2001005420 A1 20010125 (200119)* EN
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            NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TZ UG ZW
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     EP 1303290
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     20000714; NO 2002000224 A WO 2000-US19496 20000714, NO 2002-224 20020115;
     BR 2000012495 A BR 2000-12495 20000714, WO 2000-US19496 20000714; KR
     2002040750 A KR 2002-700605 20020115; CN 1367700 A CN 2000-811161
     20000714; JP 2003504412 W WO 2000-US19496 20000714, JP 2001-510474
     20000714; EP 1303290 A1 EP 2000-950404 20000714, WO 2000-US19496 20000714;
     MX 2002000531 A1 WO 2000-US19496 20000714, MX 2002-531 20020115
FDT AU 2000063515 A Based on WO 2001005420; BR 2000012495 A Based on WO
     2001005420; JP 2003504412 W Based on WO 2001005420; EP 1303290 A1 Based on
     WO 2001005420; MX 2002000531 A1 Based on WO 2001005420
PRAI US 1999-144539P
                     19990716
     WO 200105420 A UPAB: 20010405
     NOVELTY - A method for treating an indication resulting from an
     IgE-mediated response in a mammal comprises
     administering to the mammal an IgE downregulating effective
     amount of a peptide of formula (I).
          DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A method for treating an indication resulting
     from an IgE-mediated response in a mammal
     comprises administering to the mammal an IgE downregulating
     effective amount of a peptide of formula N-formyl-methionyl-leucyl-X (I).
          X = Tyr, Tyr-Phe, Phe-Phe and Phe-Tyr
          INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for:
          (1) downregulating a receptor for IgE comprising
```

administering an IgE receptor downregulating amount of (I);

- (2) downregulating CD40 ligand, preventing its further involvement in IgE production, comprising administering a CD40 ligand downregulating amount of (I); and
- (3) inhibiting IgE secretion by plasma cells comprising contacting the plasma cells with an IgE secretion inhibiting effective amount of (I).

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Dwg.0/17

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---Logging off of STN---
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Executing the logoff script...
=> LOG Y
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STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 17:30:12 ON 31 JAN 2004